AFCEA Educational Foundation



IRS Rules & Regulations for 501(c)(3) -(c)(6) Status



The Form – from the highest level

- Starting in 2008, Form 990 was redesigned to 12 pages and 11 parts this is the base form that is completed by organizations that file the Form 990
- In addition to the base form there are 16 additional schedules A through O and then R (the IRS was absent the days they learned about P and Q).
- The good news many of these don't apply to AFCEA chapters. The bad news some do apply and must be completed
- Failure to file \$20 daily penalty not to exceed \$10,000; revenues over \$1 is \$100 daily up to \$50,000
- Incomplete return "... such as by failing to complete a required line item or a required part of a schedule." You have a chance to respond and correct with the IRS, but if not, \$10 per day up to \$5,000.



What Form do I use?

Form 990 – N (e-postcard): For small tax exempt organizations where annual "... gross receipts are normally \$25,000 or less."

You need 8 pieces of information – EIN, tax year, legal name and address, any other names used by the organization, name and address of the principal officer, web site (if applicable), confirmation of gross receipts normally \$25,000 or less, statement that the organization has not terminated or is terminating.



If you can't go "N" – go "EZ"

Form 990 – EZ can be used based on the following:

2008 return – gross receipts less than \$1,000,000 **and** total assets less than \$2,500,000

2009 return – gross receipts less than \$500,000 **and** total assets less than \$1,250,000

2010 return – gross receipts less than \$200,000 **and** total assets less than \$500,000

So much for getting EZ and "Burden Minimizing" – the movement is towards the Form 990



"It appears to be some sort of tax cut promise."



When to file your returns

The Form 990 (any variation) is due "..., by the 15th day of the 5th month after the organization's accounting period ends."

If your chapter operates on a calendar year, the return is due by May 15th.

If you can't complete the return by that date, file for an extension. Use Form 8868 to request an automatic 3 month extension of time to file. There's even a second extension available but the organization must show reasonable cause for the IRS to grant this one.



501(c)(3) and 501(c)(6) filings – Form 990

Each organization is it's own legal entity – the accounting and tax returns must be specific to, and separately reported for each organization

Schedule A – Public Charity Status and Public Support – **501(c)(3)**

Schedule B – Schedule of Contributors - 501(c)(6)

Other Schedules – depends on the whether – whether or not they are applicable to the organizations' operations



Form 990 – The Bottom Line Stating the obvious – this is complicated

Your chapter board and your treasurer are responsible for the tax filings. The IRS will work with you, but they are looking for compliance as well. Non-profit's are the next target of opportunity for the IRS.

Your treasurer should have a financial background in order to report to the board how the finances really are. This includes compliance with tax filings. Solicit a CPA for the board – many will volunteer their time and tax return preparation.

Contact me for questions – Pat Miorin, AFCEA Headquarters, 703-631-6166 or pmiorin@afcea.org